

TRUCK TRANSPORTATION IS A VITAL COMPONENT OF THE ENERGY SECTOR

- The U.S. consumed 21% of the world's petroleum in 2013 while accounting for nearly 14% of the world's petroleum production.
- Domestic oil production increased for the first time in 20 years in 2009 and continues to steadily increase.
- The U.S. is now the world's largest producer of both natural gas and oil.
- Fuel represents one of the largest expenses for a trucking company.
- Trucks consumed 53.7 billion gallons of fuel in 2014, including both diesel and gasoline.
- Over 71% of all fuel burned by heavy-duty trucks is diesel fuel, equating to 38.4 billion gallons in 2014.
- ATA estimates that motor carriers spent \$147.7 billion on diesel fuel in 2013.
- Over 30 million trucks registered and used for business purposes haul freight in the U.S.
- Registered trucks logged more than 275 billion miles in 2013.
- Nearly every good consumed in the U.S. is put on a truck at some point.
- The trucking industry hauled more than 68% of the tons of freight transported in the U.S. in 2014.
- Oil and gas wells require roughly 2,000 truck trips to develop and service each new well.
- When hydraulic fracturing a well, trucks deliver 4 million pounds of sand and 5 million gallons of water, on average.
- Hundreds of truck trips are required during the construction and operation of wind, solar and biofuel energy facilities.
- While there were more than 465,000 for-hire motor carriers in the U.S. in 2013, the vast majority of them are small businesses.
 - 97% operate fewer than 20 trucks
 - 91% operate six trucks or less
- The trucking industry is a major employer in the U.S.
- Across all industries, 7.1 million people were employed in trucking-related jobs in 2013.
- 3.4 million of these workers were truck drivers.

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